

SWISS IMPLEMENTATION SCIENCE NETWORK

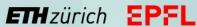
























HOW TO STRENGTHEN HEALTH **POLICY THROUGH** IMPLEMENTATION SCIENCE **METHODS**

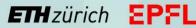






















In this webinar

• What would better health policy look like?

• What does implementation science provide in terms of insights?

- What might other fields have to offer?
- Where to go if you would like to know more



What would better health policymaking look like?

• 'Health policy defines health goals at the international, national or local level and specifies the decisions, plans and actions to be undertaken to achieve these goals. An explicit health policy can achieve several things: it clarifies the values on which a policy is based; it defines a vision for the future, which in turn helps to establish objectives and the priorities among them; and it facilitates setting targets and milestones for the short and medium term.'





Debate about the contribution of Implementation Science

S Implementation Science

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Debate Open Access Published: 10 June 2013

Never the twain shall meet? - a comparison of implementation science and policy implementation research

<u>Per Nilsen</u> [™], <u>Christian Ståhl</u>, <u>Kerstin Roback</u> & <u>Paul Cairney</u>

Implementation Science 8, Article number: 63 (2013) Cite this article

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What is implementation science?

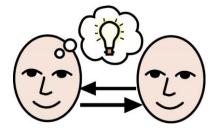
- Developing evidence-based implementation strategies
- ..to move evidence into practice
- ...and evaluating them





What does implementation science provide in terms of insights?

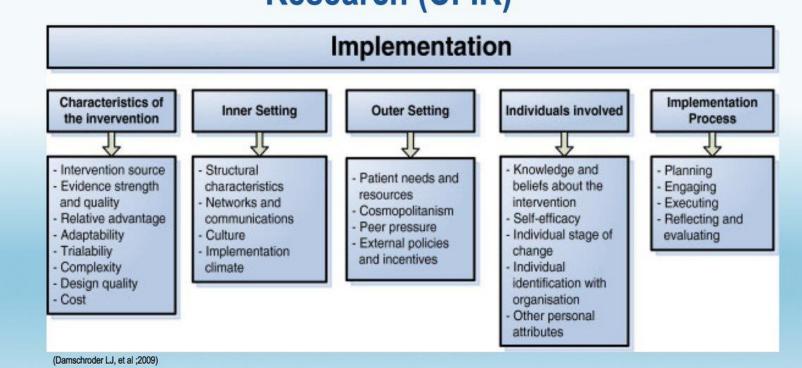
- Models and frameworks for understanding implementation stages and processes
- Focus on systems as well as individual components of change
- Rigorous approach to learning from implementation
- Focus on implementation within organisations
- Importance of building an international field of practice





Models and frameworks

The Consolidated Framework for Implementation Research (CFIR)







Coaching Impact

	OUTCOMES % of Participants who Demonstrate Knowledge, Demonstrate New Skills in a Training Setting, and Use new Skills in the Classroom		
TRAINING COMPONENTS	Knowledge	Skill Demonstration	Use in the Classroom
Theory and Discussion	10%	5%	0%
+Demonstration in Training	30%	20%	0%
+ Practice & Feedback in Training	60%	60%	5%
+ Coaching in Classroom	95%	95%	95%

Joyce and Showers, 2002



Implementation science as a field



Science







Inspire Implement Improve

Global Implementation Conference (GIC)

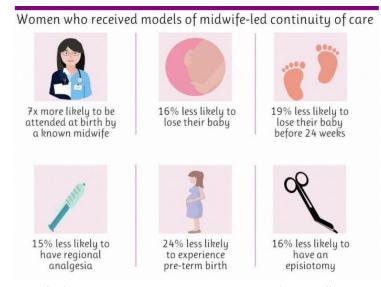


Building capacity, sharing learning, and connecting professionals in implementation, improvement and innovation in services to people



An example: POPPIE (Pilot Study of midwifery Practice in Preterm birth Including women's Experiences)

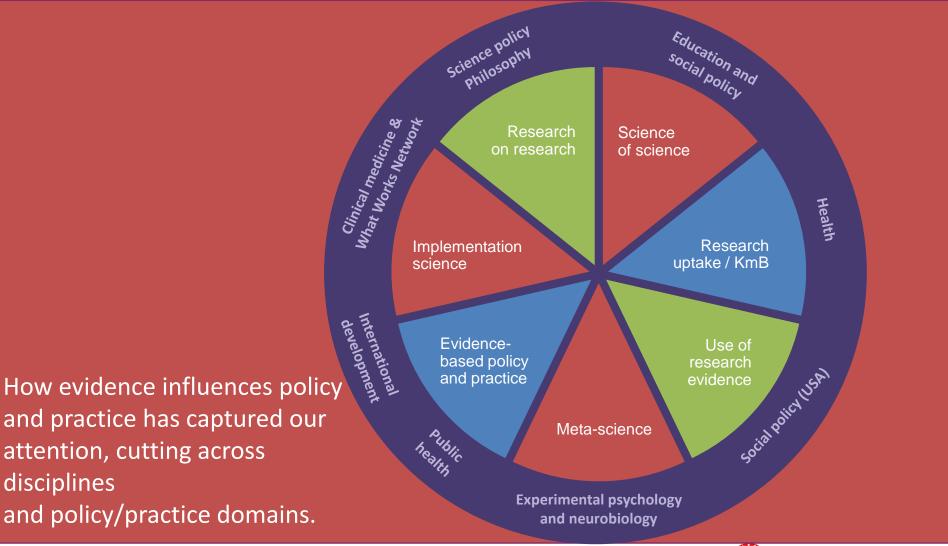
- Cochrane review highlighting evidence for continuity of care in improving maternal and infant outcomes, patient experience and use of resources
- Use of the IMPRES tool to learn from implementation science (to support implementation and evaluation)
- Taking a collaborative approach involving many stakeholders
- Employed a range of implementation strategies to guide the implementation, including applications for funding; involvement of executive boards; business cases; quarterly updates on progress; newsletters; regular implementation meetings; seminars, training and events



Sheila Kitzinger Symposium at Green Templeton College, Oxford (King's College London, Green Templeton College, NHS NIHR London, 2016)



What might other fields have to offer?





Knowledge mobilization

Knowledge mobilization refers to moving **knowledge** into active use primarily through connecting research/expertise with policy/practice.



- Identifying and understanding audiences and stakeholders
- Considering the knowledge needs of audiences and stakeholders
- Valuing the knowledge different stakeholders bring to practice problems
- Understanding ways of connecting with audiences and stakeholders
- Considering special roles in the research to policy/ practice landscape (e.g. knowledge brokers)



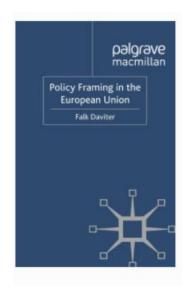
An example: Rebuilding a Resilient Britain



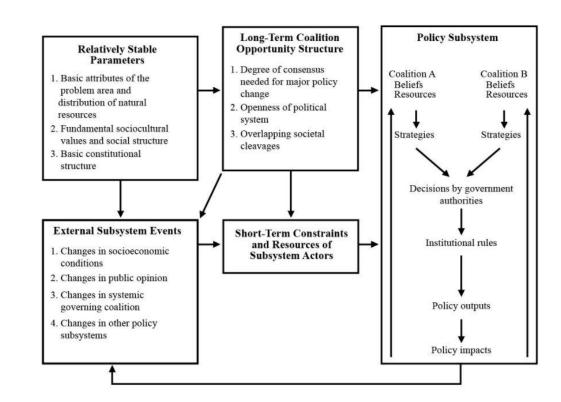




Problem framing and values

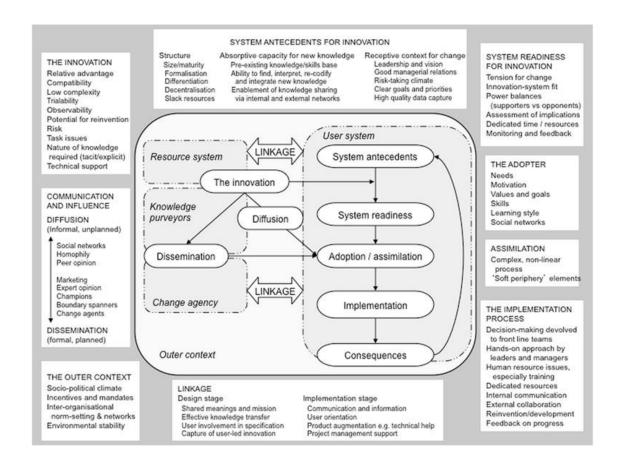








Mapping the factors the affect implementation



Greenhalgh T, Robert G, Macfarlane F, Bate P, Kyriakidou O. Diffusion of innovations in service organizations: systematic review and recommendations. Milbank Q. 2004;82(4):581-629.

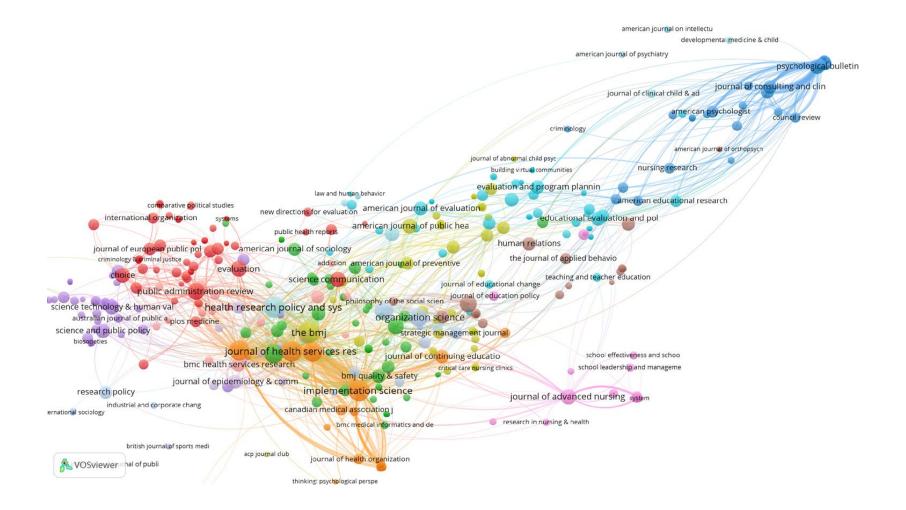


There are some important differences between approaches to promoting better evidence use

- How much they focus at the individual, organisational or policy level
- What counts as 'evidence'
- Top down or bottom up
- The extent to which the approaches engage with complexity and systems
- Role of evaluation/ learning

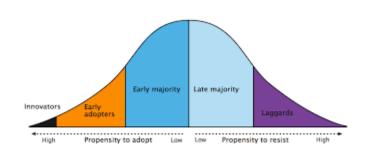


Where researchers publish





Not forgetting the long tradition of thinking about evidence into practice: Diffusion of innovations



Rogers, 1962



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Transforming Evidence: What we do...

Connecting communities

Sharing expertise

Developing collaborative research programmes



Time for questions and discussion

transforming-evidence.org

@transformUre
@AnnetteBoaz
Annette.Boaz@lshtm.ac.uk

